

Course Code: EE201

Course Name: CIRCUITS AND NETWORKS

Max. Marks: 100

Duration: 3 Hours

PART A

Answer all questions, each carries 5 marks.

Marks

- 1 State and prove Maximum Power Transfer theorem as applied to ac circuits having variable load impedance.
- 2 For the network shown in Fig.1 draw the oriented graph and write the (i) Incidence Matrix (ii) Tie set Matrix

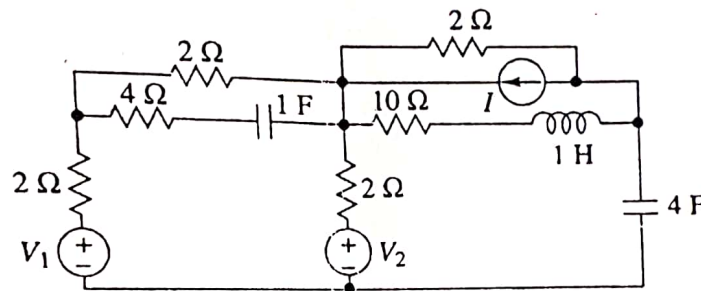


Fig. 1

- 3 In a series RLC circuit with $R = 4\Omega$, $L = 1H$ and $C = 0.25F$, a unit step voltage is applied at $t = 0$. Find the expression for the current in the circuit at $t > 0$. $i(t) = te^{-t}$
- 4 The current through a 1Ω resistor in a circuit is given by the following s domain equation $I(s) = \frac{s+2}{(s^2+2s+2)}$. Find the voltage across the resistor.
- 5 List the necessary conditions for a driving point function.
- 6 What are h- parameters? Draw the equivalent circuit of a two port network with h- parameter representation.
- 7 Test whether the polynomial $F(s) = s^5 + 3s^3 + 2s$ is Hurwitz.
- 8 Determine whether the following functions represent driving point impedance of an RC network.

(i) $Z_1(s) = \frac{s^2 + 5s + 4}{s^2 + 2s}$ (ii) $Z_2(s) = \frac{2s^2 + 8s + 6}{s^2 + 8s + 12}$

PART B

Answer any two full questions, each carries 10 marks.

- 9 Find the Norton's equivalent circuit across a-b for the network shown in Fig. 2 (10)

1. A 3
A 10

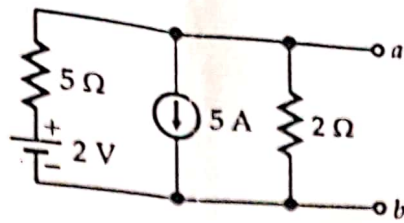
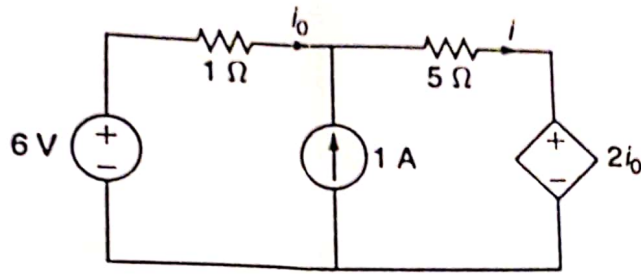


Fig.2

- 10 a) Find current, 'i' in the network shown in Fig.3 using super position theorem (6)



Handwritten calculations:
 $6V \rightarrow 1.5A$
 $1A \rightarrow 3.75$
 1.125

Fig.3

- b) List the properties of Incidence Matrix (4)
- 11 For the network shown in Fig.4 write down the tieset matrix and obtain the network equilibrium equations in matrix form using KVL. Calculate the loop currents. (10)

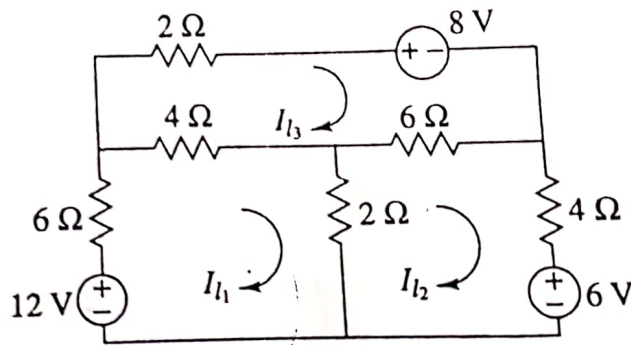
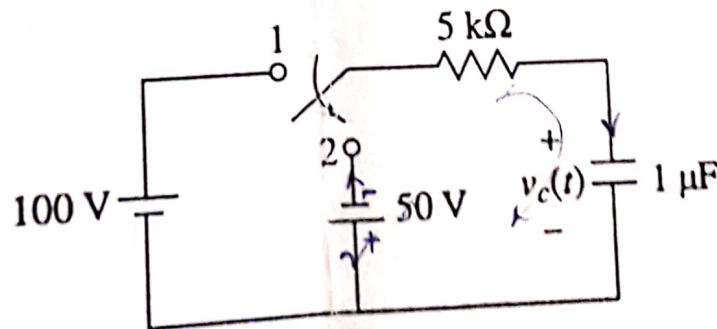


Fig.4

PART C

Answer any two full questions, each carries 10 marks.

- 12 The switch in the circuit of Fig.5 is moved from position 1 to position 2 at $t = 0$. Determine $v_c(t)$. (10)



Handwritten calculations:
 5×10
 $5000 i(t) + \frac{t}{5 \times 10^6}$
 $\frac{150}{5000s + 10^6}$
 $y(s) = \frac{150}{5000s + 10^6}$
 $= \frac{150}{s + 200}$

Fig.5

13 In the network shown in Fig 6 the switch is opened at $t = 0$. Find $i(t)$ (10)

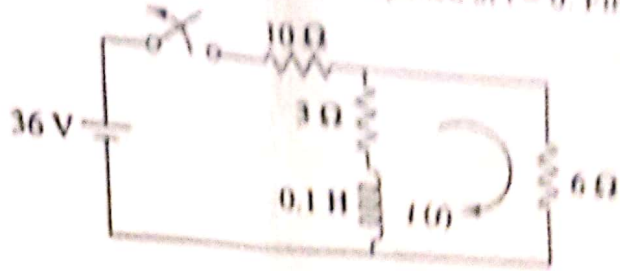


Fig.6

14 Figure.7 shows a network with mutual coupling. Find the current in the 10Ω resistance. Assume that inductors have negligible resistance (10)

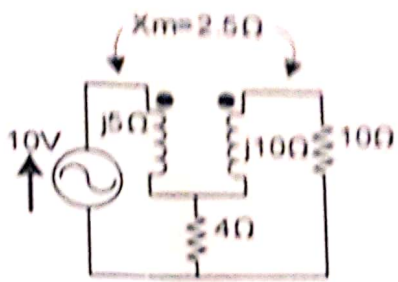


Fig.7

PART D

Answer any two full questions, each carries 10 marks.

- 15 a) Derive the condition for reciprocity and symmetry of Z parameters (5)
- b) Find the transmission parameters for the network shown in Fig.8 (5)

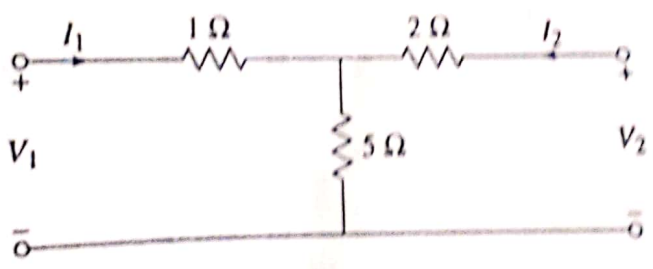


Fig.8

- 16 a) Show that the overall admittance parameter matrix for parallel connected two port network is the sum of admittance parameters of each individual two port network in parallel (5)
- b) Synthesize the network function $Z(s) = \frac{(s^2 + 1)}{s(s^2 + 2)}$ in Foster I form. (5)
- 17 Find the Cauer I and II forms of the RL impedance function $Z(s) = \frac{2(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)(s+6)}$ (10)

$$\frac{2(s+1)(s+3)}{(s+2)(s+6)}$$
